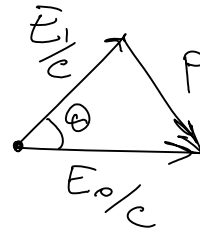
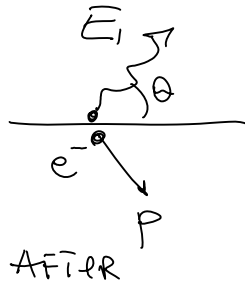


Homework #7

Wednesday, June 03, 2009

2:16 PM

X: E_0
before e^-



"No Free Lunch" momentum:

$$p^2 = \left(\frac{E_1}{c}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{E_0}{c}\right)^2 - 2\frac{E_1 E_0}{c^2} \cos \theta$$

"No Free Lunch" energy:

$$E_0 + mc^2 = E_1 + \sqrt{m^2 c^4 + p^2 c^2}$$
$$(E_0 - E_1 + mc^2)^2 = m^2 c^4 + p^2 c^2$$
$$\underline{E_0^2 + E_1^2 - 2E_0 E_1} + \underline{m^2 c^4} + 2(E_0 - E_1)mc^2 = \underline{m^2 c^4} + \underline{p^2 c^2}$$

FROM momentum Eq: $\times c^2$

$$\underline{E_0^2 + E_1^2} - 2E_0 E_1 \cos \theta = \underline{p^2 c^2}$$

subtract the two:

$$2(E_0 - E_1)mc^2 = 2E_0 E_1 (1 - \cos \theta)$$

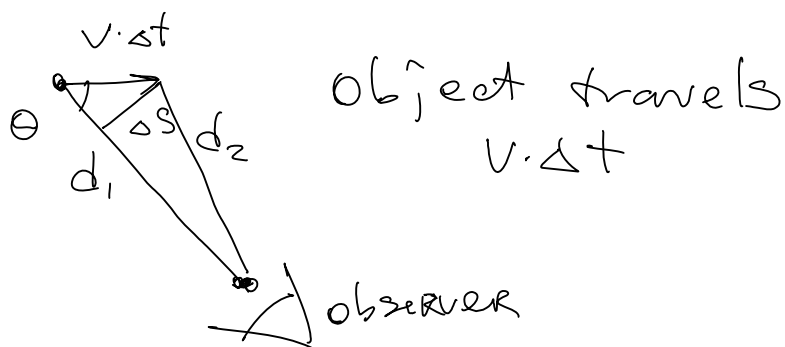
$$\frac{1}{E_1} - \frac{1}{E_0} = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{mc^2}$$

$$E = h\nu = h\frac{c}{\lambda} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \frac{1}{E} = \frac{\lambda}{hc}$$

$$\frac{\lambda_1}{hc} - \frac{\lambda_0}{hc} = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{mc^2}$$

$$\lambda_1 - \lambda_0 = \frac{h}{mc} (1 - \cos \theta)$$

12.6



observer "observes" motion

$$\Delta S = v \cdot \Delta t \cdot \sin \theta$$

time between two photons is

$$\Delta t' = \Delta t - \frac{d_1 - d_2}{c} = \Delta t - \frac{v \cdot \Delta t \cdot \cos \theta}{c}$$

Observed velocity is

$$u = \frac{\Delta S}{\Delta t'} = \frac{v \cdot \Delta t \cdot \sin \theta}{\Delta t - \frac{v \cdot \Delta t \cdot \cos \theta}{c}} = \frac{v \cdot \sin \theta}{1 - \frac{v \cos \theta}{c}}$$

could easily be $> c$

12.7 In muon's F.O.R. lifetime is γt

$$v = \frac{d}{\gamma t} = \frac{d}{t} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{d}{ct}\right)^2 \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{v}{c}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{1 + \left(\frac{ct}{d}\right)^2}$$

$$v = \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{ct}{d}\right)^2}} = 0.8c$$

12.10



$$x' = \gamma \cdot x$$

$$\tan \theta' = \frac{y}{x'} = \frac{y}{\gamma x} = \frac{\tan \theta}{\gamma}$$

$$\theta' = \arctan \left(\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}} \cdot \tan \theta \right)$$

12.17

$$\bar{a}^0 = \gamma(a^0 - \beta a^1)$$

$$\bar{a}^1 = \gamma(a^1 - \beta a^0)$$

$$\bar{a}^2 = a^2$$

$$\bar{a}^3 = a^3$$

$$-\bar{a}^0 \bar{b}^0 + \bar{a}^1 \bar{b}^1 + \bar{a}^2 \bar{b}^2 + \bar{a}^3 \bar{b}^3 =$$

$$= -\gamma^2(a^0 - \beta a^1)(b^0 - \beta b^1) +$$

$$+ \gamma^2(a^1 - \beta a^0)(b^1 - \beta b^0) + a^2 b^2 +$$

$$+ a^3 b^3 = -\gamma^2(a^0 b^0 - \beta a^1 b^0 - \beta a^0 b^1 +$$

$$+ \beta^2 a^1 b^1 - a^1 b^1 + \beta a^0 b^1 + \beta a^1 b^0 - \beta^2 a^0 b^0) +$$

$$+ a^2 b^2 + a^3 b^3 = -\gamma^2(a^0 b^0 - a^1 b^1)(1 - \beta^2) +$$

$$+ a^2 b^2 + a^3 b^3 = -a^0 b^0 + a^1 b^1 + a^2 b^2 + a^3 b^3$$

$$12.29 \quad \gamma mc^2 - mc^2 = h \cdot mc^2$$

$$h = \gamma - 1$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)^{1/2} = \frac{1}{\gamma} = \frac{1}{h+1}$$

$$\frac{v^2}{c^2} = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{h+1}\right)^2$$

$$v = c \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{h+1}\right)^2\right)^{1/2} \quad \text{OR}$$

$$v = c \cdot \frac{\sqrt{h(h+2)}}{h+1}$$

12.30

$$\hat{p}_n = \gamma \left(p_n - \beta \frac{E_n}{c} \right)$$

$$\sum \hat{p}_n = \gamma \left(\sum p_n - \frac{\beta}{c} \sum E_n \right) = 0$$

(C.O.M. FRAME)

$$\beta = c \cdot \frac{\sum p_n}{\sum E_n}$$

$$v = c^2 \frac{\sum p_n}{\sum E_n}$$